



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
WASHINGTON DC 20310

JUN 22 2007

MEMORANDUM FOR SEE DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: Army Alternative Dispute Resolution Policy

1. This memorandum reaffirms the Army's implementation of the Administrative Dispute Resolution Act of 1990 by Secretary of the Army Memorandum, subject: Implementation of the Administrative Dispute Resolution Act of 1990, dated July 25, 1995. That Act, and Congress' renewal of the legislation through the Administrative Dispute Resolution Act of 1996, encourage the use of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) to reduce the time and costs of settling disputes and empower deciding officials to resolve conflicts more creatively and expeditiously.
2. During the past decade, the Army has used ADR to settle thousands of disputes in a variety of areas, ranging from contract claims to personnel matters. This experience has demonstrated that ADR is an effective tool to resolve disputes quickly and with less cost than traditional methods.
3. Army personnel are urged to use ADR procedures in appropriate cases. The use of ADR techniques may resolve all or part of the issue in controversy. The goal is to resolve disputes at the earliest stage feasible, by the fastest and least expensive method possible, and at the lowest possible organizational level. It is essential that personnel involved in the resolution of disputes receive ADR training and consider ADR in each case.
4. The Principal Deputy General Counsel of the Army is the Army's Dispute Resolution Specialist (ADRS). The ADRS shall:
 - a. Serve as the proponent for establishing and implementing Army ADR policy, guidance, and regulations;
 - b. Submit, manage, and execute the Army ADR Program budget;
 - c. Encourage, develop, and implement ADR initiatives, activities, and training throughout the Army;
 - d. Identify and eliminate unnecessary barriers to the use of ADR;
 - e. Ensure Army personnel are aware of and have access to existing ADR resources;
 - f. Ensure appropriate personnel receive ADR briefings and training;

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g. Prepare a summary report to the Secretary of the Army by September 30 of each year regarding progress made in implementing the Army ADR program in the previous year;

h. Develop a five-year plan for the Army ADR Program;

i. Secure resources necessary to implement the Army ADR policy and program; and,

j. Coordinate with the Assistant Secretaries of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics, and Technology; Civil Works; Manpower and Reserve Affairs; Installations and Environment; and Financial Management and Comptroller; The Judge Advocate General; the Command Counsel of Army Materiel Command; the Chief Counsel of the Corps of Engineers; and other appropriate organizations for the development and implementation of the Army ADR program.

5. To assist the ADRS in performing these responsibilities, I am directing the hiring of an ADR specialist within the Office of the Army General Counsel (OGC). In addition, the Deputy Under Secretary of the Army, in coordination with the Assistant Secretaries of the Army for Manpower and Reserve Affairs and Acquisition, Logistics, and Technology, shall identify appropriate personnel to detail to the OGC, for the purpose of facilitating the application of ADR initiatives in the areas of workplace disputes and acquisition.



Pete Geren

Acting Secretary of the Army

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